

Intent:

We believe that Design and Technology (DT) is vital for all children as they implement skills and knowledge into their daily lives. From understanding what makes a healthy balanced diet and lifestyle to planning, designing and evaluating a project independently. The skills that our children learn are important not only in school but also in ensuring they have the opportunity to reach their potential when they leave our school. Our aim is to ensure children are inspired and motivated by implementing vital skills, such as; evaluating (others work and our own), planning, designing and creating. These skills come in useful across the St Luke's curriculum (in a variety of subjects) and progress clearly as the children advance through year groups. Children go on a journey; critiquing existing products, taking inspiration/applying what is good and improving areas that they believe could be better to their plans before planning, creating and evaluating their work. This process allows our children to see a clear systematic approach and gives them the opportunity to immerse themselves and apply it independently as they progress through school.

Implementation:

- Comprehensive progression of skills in line with the National Curriculum. Our curriculum follows the outline of the NC and allows fundamental skills to be taught in EYFS and KS1. As well as this, skills previously acquired are developed in KS2 and expanded upon as children progress through school. Furthermore, children learn additional skills, gain greater understanding and knowledge when necessary through DT projects in each year group. These projects follow the progression of skills taught and developed in each year group and apply to what the children are learning about in the wider curriculum as well, establishing cross-curricular links.
- Independent learning. As children progress, they will be asked more often to apply their skills independently. This gives children the ability to identify areas of strength and weakness, as well as giving them the opportunity to develop skills. This all contributes to our school aim of children learning without limits.
- Cross-curricular links. Children are taught a variety of skills in different lessons and are encouraged to use those skills in DT activities. Children apply what has been taught in lessons such as maths and English, allowing them to achieve to the best of their ability.
- Language. Children experience the use of relevant vocabulary to the subject of DT. Children are encouraged to use this vocabulary when possible.
- Knowledge organisers. Children make use of knowledge organisers in their research project. This covers Design and Technology and gives the children an idea of what they are going to learn as well as a reference to aid their learning through-out each topic.

Impact:

Children will be able to learn the fundamental skills required in Design and Technology.

Children will be able to develop their fundamental skills as they progress through school.

Children will achieve age related expectations in Design and Technology by the time they leave St Luke's.

Children can become independent in their application of Design and Technology, applying it to their work and becoming more confident in using DT in their daily lives.

Children are able to use correct and technical language that relates to Design and Technology.

Children are able to see the links between Design and Technology and other subjects as well as how one can help another.

Children can clearly see a development of their skills as they progress through school.



CULTURAL CAPITAL

In order to support our pupils as they become well-rounded individuals, we give every child the chance to experience a variety of opportunities that develop their creativity and imagination. During their time with us, we ensure children are introduced to inspiring individuals from the field; as well as ground-breaking developments in design, that inspire and influence their progression. Our school environment is one abundant with STEM inspiration that staff implement in their teaching and our children in their understanding and resilience to succeed. In Design and Technology, children actively develop their resilience through design, create and evaluate. Children are comfortable with doing their best to succeed, but are not afraid to refine their ideas and improve them from their own critiques and those of others. Children are encouraged to introduce individuality into their creative processes and are not afraid to push the boundaries and strive for the best; displaying pride in each part of their work. These skills and qualities hold our children in good stead, as they grow and learn to use these skills in all aspects of their lives.



Design and Technology Long Term Plan

| | <u>Autumn 1</u> | <u>Autumn 2</u> | <u>Spring 1</u> | Spring 2 | Summer 1 | <u>Summer 2</u> |
|---------------|------------------------------------|---|---|---|--|---|
| Reception | Food (Baking Bread- Harvest) | Structures (play doh modelling) | Textiles (Sewing Fish - Under The Sea) | , , | Textiles (Mini-beasts) | |
| | | | | | Structures (Habitats) | |
| <u>Year 1</u> | | Mechanisms (making a moving story book) Kapow | | Structures (Constructing a windmill) Kapow | | Textiles (puppets) Kapow |
| <u>Year 2</u> | | Structures (Tudor houses) | | Food (balanced diet) | | Mechanisms (making a moving monster) Kapow |
| <u>Year 3</u> | | Mechanical systems (pneumatic toys) Kapow | Structures (constructing a model Robot) | | Electrical systems (Electric poster) Kapow | |
| Year 4 | | Textiles (Ancient Egypt – Fastenings/clothing) Kapow | | Mechanical systems (launching system - Viking long ships) Kapow Textiles (Invaders and Settlers - Bayeux Tapestry) | , | Food (adapting a recipe) Kapow |
| <u>Year 5</u> | | Mechanical systems (pop-up book) Kapow | Structures (bridges) Kapow | , , | Digital world (Monitoring devices CAD) | |



| | | | Kapow | |
|---------------|-----------------------|--|-------|-----------------------|
| <u>Year 6</u> | Textiles (Pouches) | Mechanical systems (automata toys) Kapow | | Food (Woolton Pie) |

| | | National Curriculum Con | <u>tent</u> | | | | | | | |
|---------------|---|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| <u>EYFS</u> | ELG: <u>Creating with Materials</u> Children at the expected level of development will: - Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function; - Share their creations, explaining the process they have used; - Make use of props and materials when role playing characters in narratives and stories. | | | | | | | | | |
| | <u>Autumn</u> | Spring | Summer | Additional D.T | | | | | | |
| <u>Year1</u> | Mechanisms – making a moving story book | Structures - constructing a windmill | Textiles - puppets Children use specific techniques to | Wooden toy Future alarm clock | | | | | | |
| | Children explore sliders and create their own moving story book. All children design, construct, test and evaluate. Linked to space topic. | Children plan and create their own windmill. | create product. | Food | | | | | | |
| Year 2 | Structures - Tudor houses (Research Project) Children explore stability and how to make structures sturdier. Children fix and test their creations. | Food - balanced diet (Science) Children understand variety of food groups and quantities needed for a healthy diet. | Mechanisms - making a moving monster Children plan different parts and assemble. Children add finishing detail and assess work. | Creating props 3D Reef Models Regattas | | | | | | |
| <u>Year 3</u> | Mechanical systems - pneumatic toys Children develop understanding of pneumatics. Design and create own toy; with finishing details. | Structures - constructing a model robot (Research Project) Children research. Children gain understanding of nets and use this to develop their own structure. | Electrical systems - electric poster Children use information to fuel research and planning base. | Mosaics Stone age pots Healthy packed lunches | | | | | | |



| Year 4 | Textiles – fastenings | Mechanical systems - Launching | Food - adapting a recipe | Nativity Tie Dye/Batik |
|--------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------|
| | Children evaluate different | sy stem | Children follow a recipe and test. | |
| | fastenings and use design their own | Children look at gathered | Children make subtle changes, before | Anglo-Saxon Jewellery |
| | Ancient Eygptian clothing. Children | information and design their own | budgeting their amounts to meet | |
| | make paper mock-up and prepare | chassis and launch system. | requirements. Final creation. | Viking longships |
| | fabric, before assembly. | Children design their own body | , | |
| | | and create. Assemble various | | Kites |
| | | parts. | | |
| Year 5 | Mechanical systems - pop-up book | Structures - bridges | Digital world - monitoring devices | Model Alps |
| | (Link to nowhere emporium | Children research arch and beam | CAD | , |
| | (English)) | bridges, as well as spaghetti | Children develop an understanding of | Victorian Dollhouses |
| | Children analyse and then develop | truss. Children build their own | monitoring devices and the need for | |
| | their own pop-up book design. After | bridges and apply their own | them. Children identify specific | Greek recipes |
| | creation, children use spacers and | finishing details. Focus on rigid | animal requirements, before designing | , |
| | layers to enhance product. Finally, | and solid creations. | and creating their own. Children use | |
| | children add illustration and writing | | CAD to support their work. | |
| | to finish. | | | |
| Year 6 | Textiles - pouches for Maya Worry | Mechanical systems – automata | Food - Woolton Pie with Pegasus | Stop/start animations |
| | Dolls (Research Project) | toys | (Research Project) | ' |
| | Children evaluate examples and | Children explore automata and | Children analyse the breakdown of a | Anemometers |
| | design their own. Children then | develop their own frame (with | three-course meal. Children plan and | |
| | prepare fabrics, before assembling | assembly). They then apply CAMS | create their own. ' | |
| | and decorating their products. | and explore, before applying | | |
| | | finishing detail. | | |
| | | | | |

| Progression of Skills | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--------|---------------|---------------|--|
| Reception | <u>Year 1</u> | <u>Year 2</u> | <u>Year 3</u> | Year 4 | <u>Year 5</u> | <u>Year 6</u> | |



| Designing | | | | | | |
|-----------------|----------------------|--|---|---|---|---|
| Children can | Children can create | Children create a | Children create a | Children create a | Children create a | Children create a |
| design a | a design criterion, | design criterion for | design criterion for a | design criterion for a | design criterion for | design criterion for |
| habitat with | with help, for a | a moving monster, | pneumatic toy, model | launching system, | a pop-up book, | automata toys, |
| support. | moving story book, | food project and | robot and electric | food recipe and | bridge and | Woolton pie and |
| _ | raft and puppets. | Tudor house. | poster. | textile project. | electronic greetings | Maya toy pouch. |
| Design criteria | | | | _ | card. | |
| includes | Design criteria | Design criteria | Design criteria includes | Design criteria | | Design criteria |
| supported | include sketches. | includes sketches | annotated sketches, | includes annotated | Design criteria | includes annotated |
| sketches. | | and rough mock | mock ups and | sketches, mock ups | includes annotated | sketches, mock ups, |
| | | ups of their | prototypes to fuel | and prototypes to | sketches, mock ups, | pattern-pieces, |
| | | monsters/Tudor | inspiration. | fuel inspiration. | pattern-pieces, and | exploded diagrams |
| | | houses. | | | prototypes to fuel | and prototypes to |
| | Children design | | | | inspiration. | fuel inspiration. |
| | Children design a | | Children design | Children design | | |
| Makina | functional product. | Children design purposeful, functional and appealing products. | Children design purposeful, functional and appealing products that are aimed at a certain group/individual. | Children design innovative, purposeful, functional and appealing products that are aimed at a certain group/individual. | Children design innovative, purposeful, functional and appealing products that are fit for purpose and aimed at a certain group/individual. | Children design innovative, purposeful, functional and appealing products that are fir for purpose and aimed at a certain group/individual. |
| Making | | | | | | |
| Children can | Children can use | Children can choose | Children use a wider | Children use a wider | Children select | Children select from |
| experiment | simple tools such | specific equipment | range of given tools to | range of given tools | from and use a | and use a wider |
| with support | as: rulers, scissors | and tools to perform | complete practical | to complete practical | wider range of | range of tools to |
| and guidance | and pencils to aid | practical tasks. | activities. | activities. | tools to complete | complete practical |
| simple tools | making. | | | | practical activities | activities |
| and | | | | | accurately. | accurately. |



| techniques. Children are given a threaded (child safe) needle to begin sewing. Children are given a range of selected materials to create a habitat. | Children choose from selected materials to create structurally sound rafts. | Children choose from selected materials to suit their design criteria and products purpose. | Children use a wider range of given materials according to their functional properties. Children use construction materials, textiles and ingredients to suit their design criteria. | Children use a wider range of given materials according to their functional properties. Children use construction materials, textiles and ingredients to suit their design criteria. | Children select from and use a wider range of materials based on their functional and aesthetic properties. Children use construction materials, textiles and ingredients to suit their design criteria. | Children select from and use a wider range of materials based on their functional and aesthetic properties. Children use construction materials, textiles and ingredients to suit their design criteria. |
|--|---|---|--|--|---|--|
| Evaluating | | | | | | |
| Children discuss how their product could improve and how it is different to others. | Children compare different moving story books and research simple raft designs. Children compare their finished products against their original design criteria. | Children can research and critique examples of the slider mechanism. Children critique their own finished products against their original design criteria. | Children investigate existing and analyse examples of pneumatic toys. Children evaluate their own products against the design criteria and consider the thoughts of others. Identify key individuals that have helped shape the world through design | Children investigate existing and analyse examples of launching systems. Children evaluate their own products against the design criteria and consider the thoughts of others. Identify key individuals that have helped shape | Children investigate existing and analyse examples of pop-up books. Children evaluate their own products against the design criteria and consider the thoughts of others. Identify key individuals and events that have | Children investigate existing and analyse examples of automata toys. Children evaluate their own products against the design criteria and consider the thoughts of others. Identify key individuals and events that have |



| | | | and technology. | the world through design and | helped shape the world through | helped shape the world through |
|-------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | | | | technology. | design and | design and |
| | | | | | technology. | technology. |
| Technical Kno | wledge and Unders | tanding | | | | |
| With support | With assistance, | Children can make | Children can use | Children can use | Children can use | Children can use |
| children | children explore | decisions on how to | existing knowledge | existing knowledge | existing knowledge, | existing knowledge, |
| discuss how to | how to make | make Tudor houses | and develop new | and develop new | develop new | develop new |
| make each | structures stronger | stronger and more | ideas to reinforce their | ideas to create more | concepts and | concepts and |
| structure more | and stiffer. | stable. | model robot, with | forceful launching | choose from a | choose from a |
| stable. | | | help. | systems. | variety of ideas to make structurally | variety of ideas to make fully |
| Children | Children use slider | Children use slider | | | sound bridges. | functional |
| discuss how | mechanisms in their | mechanisms in their | Children can use | Children can use | J | automata toys. |
| the weight of | creation of a moving | creation of a moving | pressurised air as a | pulleys and levers to | Children can use | 3 |
| each product is | storybook, with | storybook | mechanism to create a | create a launching | linkages and CAMS | Children can |
| important and | adult help. | independently. | functional toy. | system/mechanism | to create a | choose what |
| if 'we change | , | | | for a Viking long | mechanism in a | mechanical system |
| that the product | | | | ship. | pop-up book. | best suits their |
| would have a | | | Children can use | , | | automata toy and |
| different result. | | | electrical systems in | | Children can use | implement it |
| | | | their electronic | | electrical systems | successfully. |
| | | | posters. | | and CAD in their | |
| | | | | | electric greeting | |
| | | | | | card products. | |